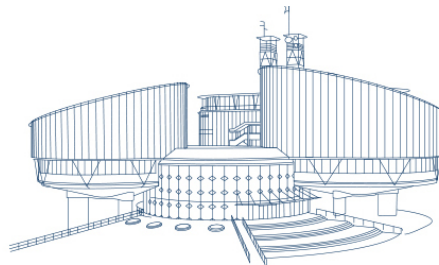


PRESS RELEASE

JUDGMENTS OF 1 SEPTEMBER 2026

ECHR 208 (2026) 01.09.2026

Issued by the Registrar of the Court



The European Court of Human Rights has today notified in writing three judgments¹:

- two Chamber judgments are summarised below;
- a separate press release has been issued for the other Chamber judgment in the case of *Brunell and McArdle v. the Netherlands* (applications nos. 30395/20 and 31220/20).

The judgments summarised below are available only in English.

D.T. v. Greece (application no. 51829/21)

The applicant, D.T., is a Greek national who was born in 1984. He suffers from bipolar disorder and is a drug addict. In 2015, he was certified as 67% disabled and awarded disability benefits.

In December 2020, D.T. was charged with joining a criminal organisation and drug trafficking, and was detained at Korydallos Prison Psychiatric Hospital. The case concerns the medical care he received while in pre-trial detention until he was released after acquittal of the first charge and a suspended sentence for the second in April 2022.

Relying on Articles 3 (prohibition of inhuman or degrading treatment) and 13 (right to an effective remedy) of the European Convention on Human Rights, he complains that he did not receive adequate psychiatric monitoring and medication while detained in Korydallos Prison, and that he had no legal avenue for his complaint at national level.

Violation of Article 3 on account of the authorities' failure to provide the applicant with adequate psychiatric monitoring while in detention in Korydallos Prison

No violation of Article 13

Just satisfaction:

- non-pecuniary damage: 12,500 euros (EUR)
- costs and expenses: EUR 2,500

¹ Under Articles 43 and 44 of the Convention, Chamber judgments are not final. During the three-month period following a Chamber judgment's delivery, any party may request that the case be referred to the Grand Chamber of the Court. If such a request is made, a panel of five judges considers whether the case deserves further examination. In that event, the Grand Chamber will hear the case and deliver a final judgment. If the referral request is refused, the Chamber judgment will become final on that day. Under Article 28 of the Convention, judgments delivered by a Committee are final.

Once a judgment becomes final, it is transmitted to the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe for supervision of its execution. Further information about the execution process can be found here: www.coe.int/t/dghl/monitoring/execution

Mankus v. Lithuania (no. 25336/22)

The applicant, Vytautas Mankus, is a Lithuanian national who was born in 1991 and lives in Klausučiai (Lithuania).

The case concerns his dismissal from his job in the Public Security Service, which is part of the wider civil service and classed as a statutory institution (statutinė įstaiga), on account of his spent conviction for perjury, an intentional crime, for which he had been fined 1,300 Lithuanian litai (approximately 380 euros).

Relying on Article 8 (right to respect for private and family life) of the European Convention, the applicant complains that his dismissal was not prescribed by law, and that it was unreasonable and disproportionate.

Violation of Article 8

Just satisfaction:

- pecuniary damage: EUR 8,728
- non-pecuniary damage: EUR 5,000
- costs and expenses: EUR 5,566

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The European Court of Human Rights was set up in Strasbourg by the Council of Europe member States in 1959 to deal with alleged violations of the 1950 European Convention on Human Rights.